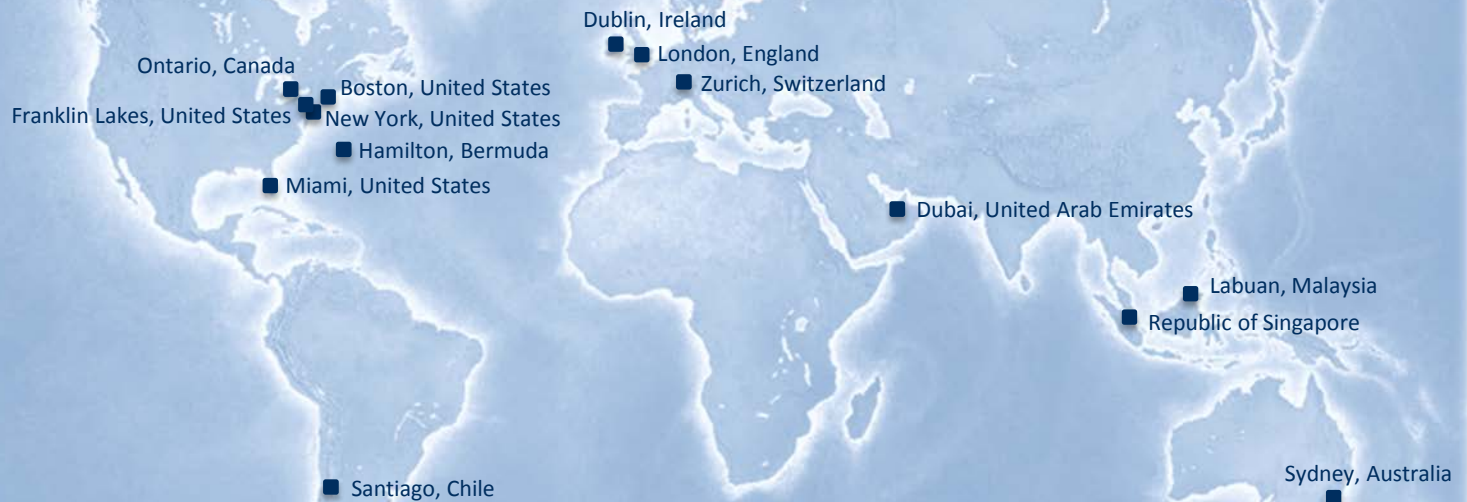


# Validus Holdings, Ltd.

INVESTOR PRESENTATION – THIRD QUARTER 2015



## Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-looking Statements

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This presentation may include forward-looking statements, both with respect to us and our industry, that reflect our current views with respect to future events and financial performance. Statements that include the words “expect,” “intend,” “plan,” “believe,” “project,” “anticipate,” “will,” “may” and similar statements of a future or forward-looking nature identify forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements address matters that involve risks and uncertainties. Accordingly, there are or will be important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those indicated in such statements and, therefore, you should not place undue reliance on any such statements. We believe that these factors include, but are not limited to, the following: 1) unpredictability and severity of catastrophic events; 2) rating agency actions; 3) adequacy of Validus Holdings, Ltd.’s (“Validus” or the “Company”) risk management and loss limitation methods; 4) cyclicity of demand and pricing in the insurance and reinsurance markets; 5) statutory or regulatory developments including tax policy, reinsurance and other regulatory matters; 6) Validus’ ability to implement its business strategy during “soft” as well as “hard” markets; 7) adequacy of Validus’ loss reserves; 8) continued availability of capital and financing; 9) retention of key personnel; 10) competition; 11) potential loss of business from one or more major insurance or reinsurance brokers; 12) Validus’ ability to implement, successfully and on a timely basis, complex infrastructure, distribution capabilities, systems, procedures and internal controls, and to develop accurate actuarial data to support the business and regulatory and reporting requirements; 13) general economic and market conditions (including inflation, volatility in the credit and capital markets, interest rates and foreign currency exchange rates); 14) the integration of businesses Validus may acquire or new business ventures Validus may start; 15) the effect on Validus’ investment portfolios of changing financial market conditions including inflation, interest rates, liquidity and other factors; 16) acts of terrorism or outbreak of war; and 17) availability of reinsurance and retrocessional coverage, as well as management’s response to any of the aforementioned factors.

The foregoing review of important factors should not be construed as exhaustive and should be read in conjunction with the other cautionary statements that are included herein and elsewhere, including the Risk Factors included in our most recent reports on Form 10-K and Form 10-Q and other documents on file with the Securities and Exchange Commission. Any forward-looking statements made in this presentation are qualified by these cautionary statements, and there can be no assurance that the actual results or developments anticipated by us will be realized or, even if substantially realized, that they will have the expected consequences to, or effects on, us or our business or operations. We undertake no obligation to update publicly or revise any forward-looking statement, whether as a result of new information, future developments or otherwise.

## Validus – Key Accomplishments

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- Since commencing operations in late 2005, Validus has developed a global re/insurance platform consisting of U.S. specialty insurance, Lloyd's of London, third party reinsurance asset management and Bermuda reinsurance
- The diversified portfolio as measured by gross premium written is comprised of 46% insurance and 54% reinsurance for the 12 months ended September 30, 2015
- Business plan since formation has been to focus on short-tail lines with strategic diversification into select longer-tail classes
- Maintained a focus on underwriting profits in conjunction with a strong balance sheet
- Profitable in every year of operation, 2006 through 2014
- Delivered outstanding financial results since 2007 IPO as measured by growth in diluted book value per diluted share plus accumulated dividends
- Active capital management, returning \$3.47 billion to investors through repurchases and dividends from Validus' 2007 IPO through October 28, 2015

# Validus – Four Diversified Yet Complementary Businesses

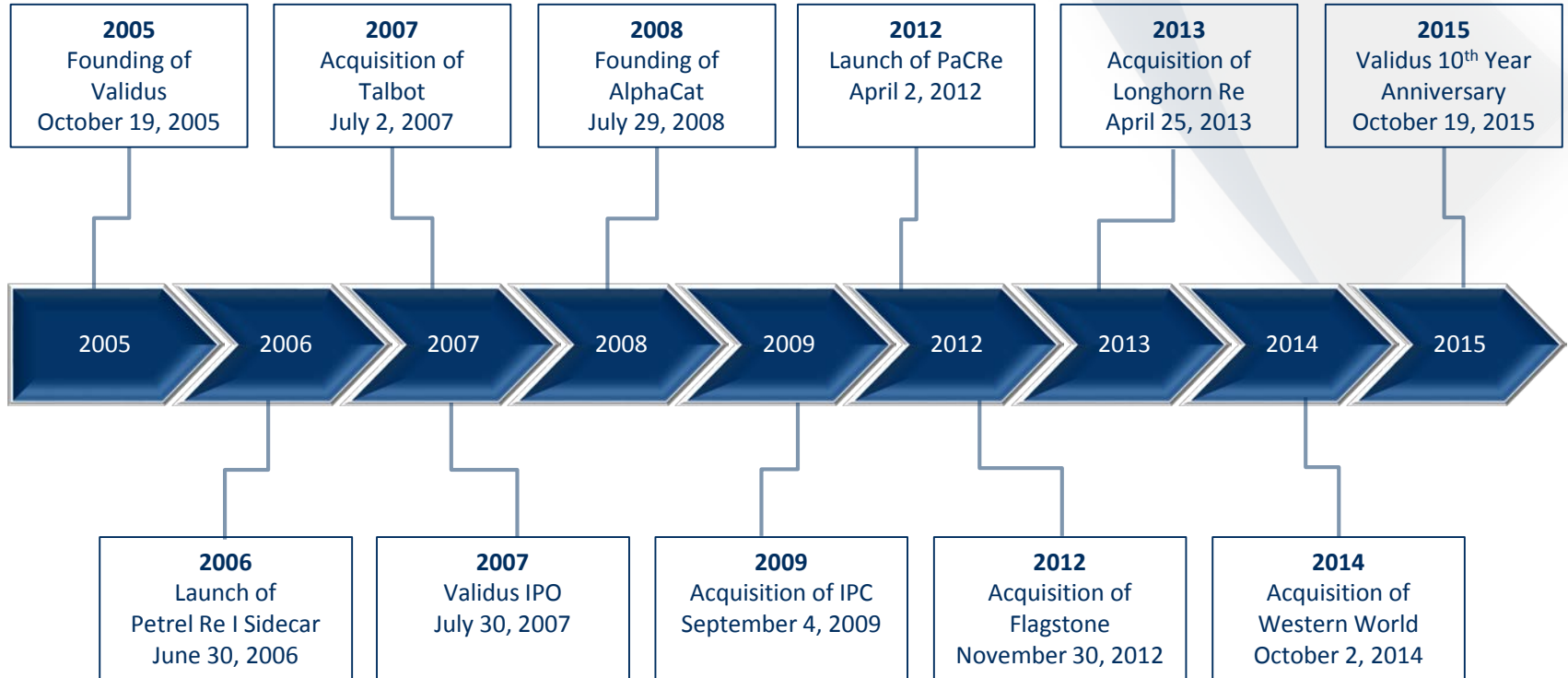


**Validus Research – Provides Analytical Support Across All Platforms**



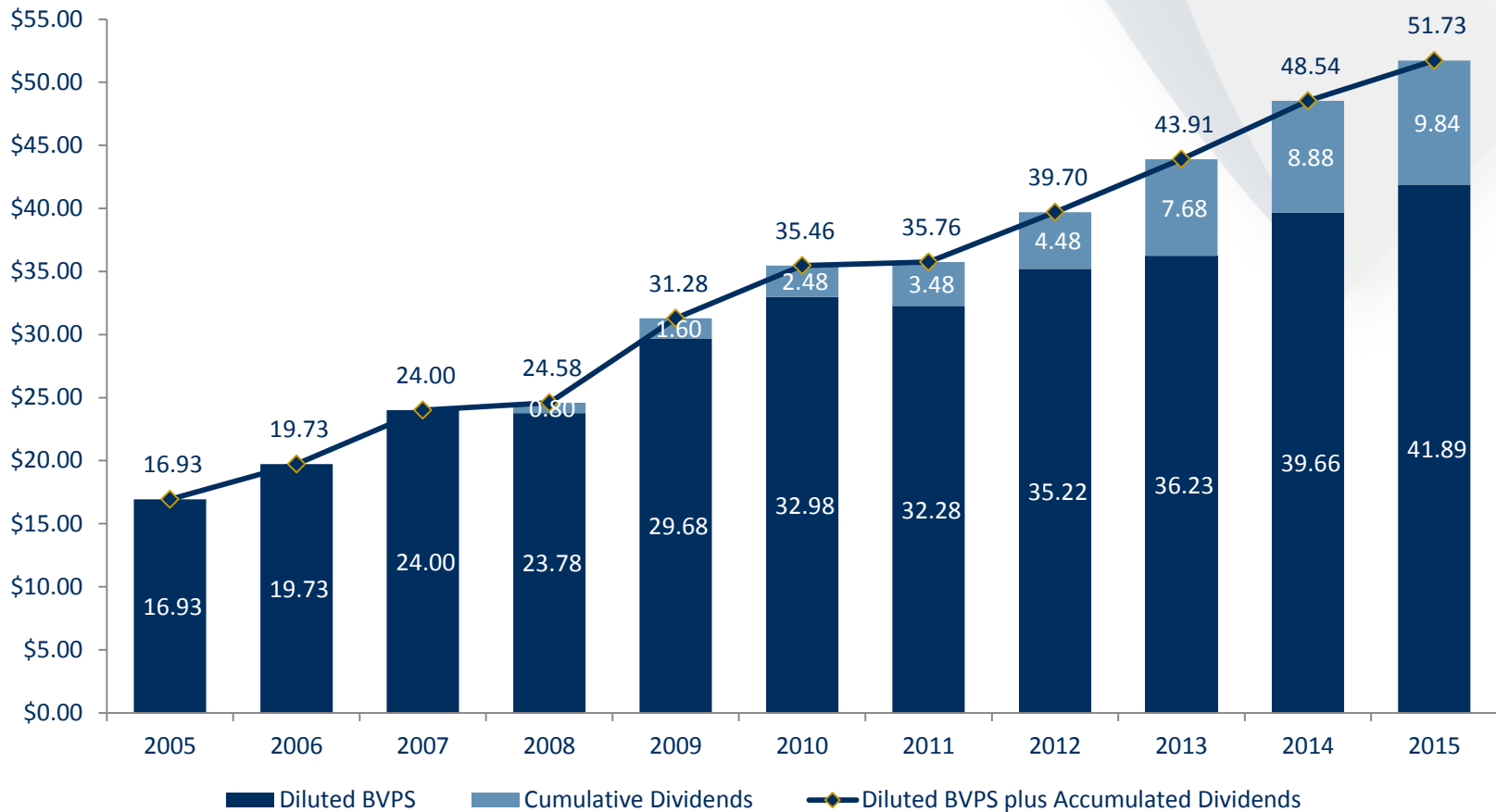
1) Lloyd’s Syndicate size is measured by gross premium written (“GPW”), as taken from Lloyd’s 2014 Reports and Accounts.  
 2) Assets under management (AUM) of \$2.2 billion includes \$1.9 billion of third party investment and \$0.4 billion of related party investment.

# Validus Timeline – Celebrating Our 10<sup>th</sup> Anniversary as a Company



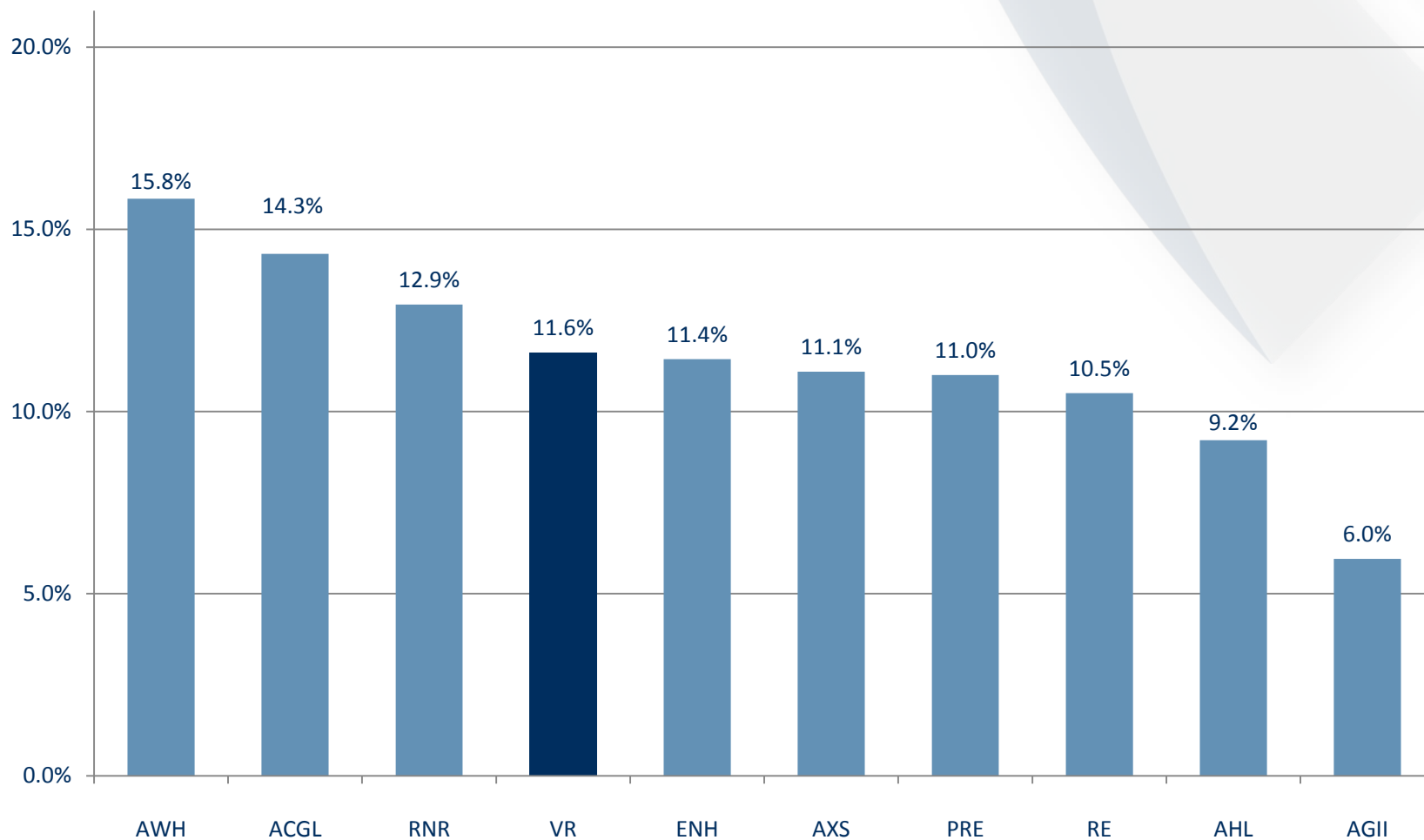
# Growth in Book Value Per Diluted Share Plus Accumulated Dividends

**12.1% Compound Annual Growth in Diluted BVPS Plus Accumulated Dividends from Company Formation Through September 30, 2015**



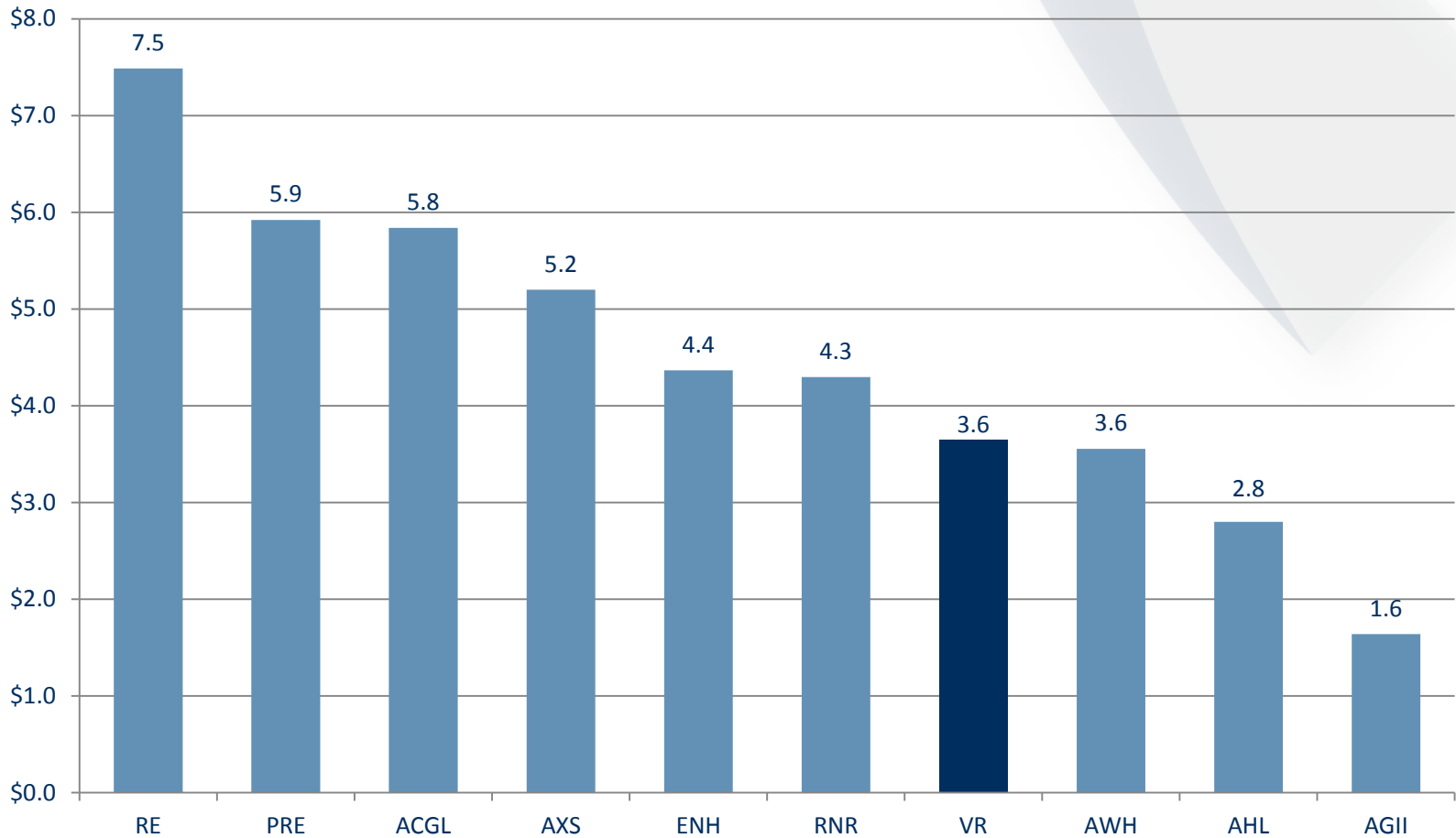
# Compound Growth in Book Value per Diluted Share Versus Peers

From VR IPO Through September 30, 2015



# Validus Common Shareholders' Equity vs. Selected Peers

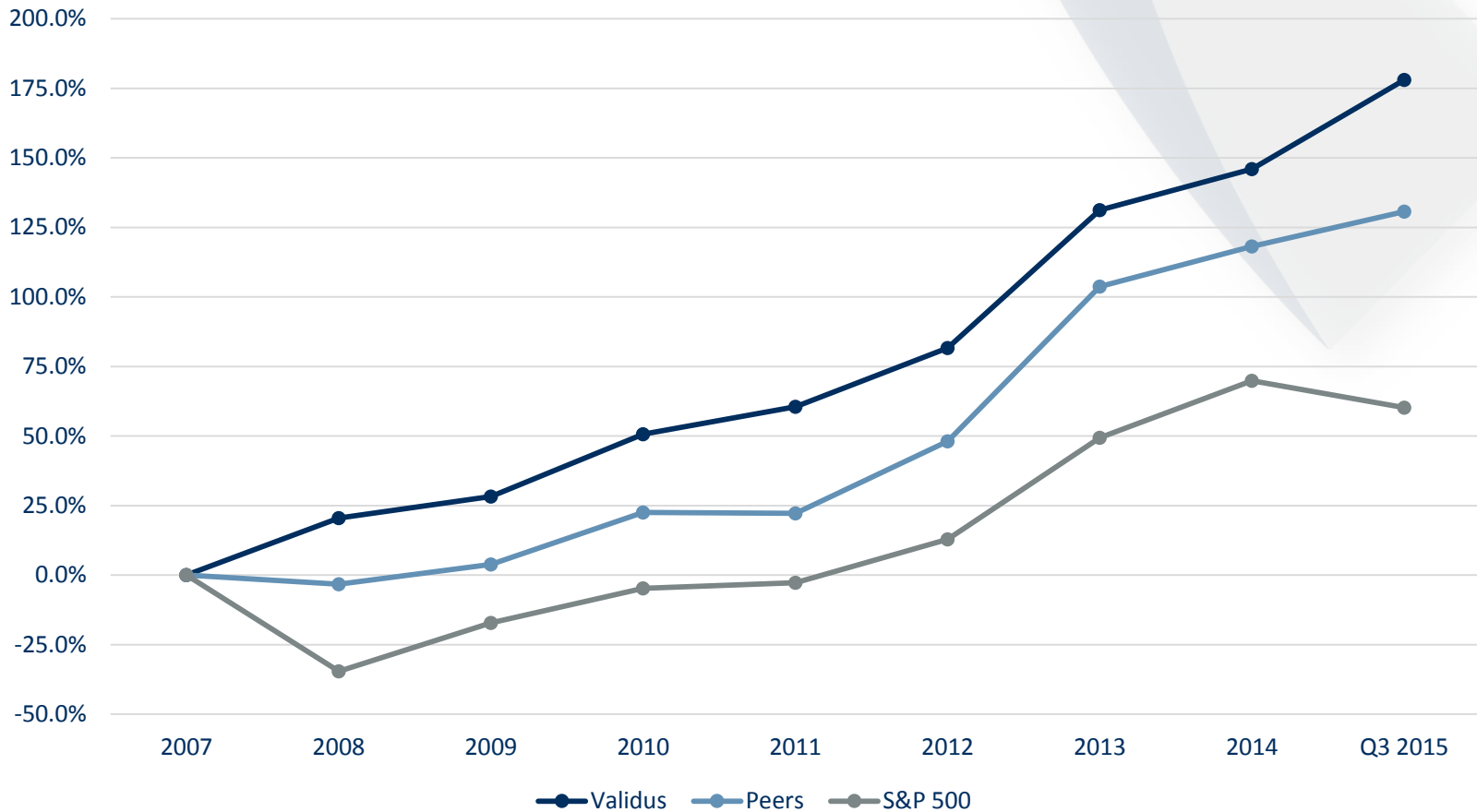
## Peer Comparison – Q3 2015 Common Shareholders' Equity in \$US Billions





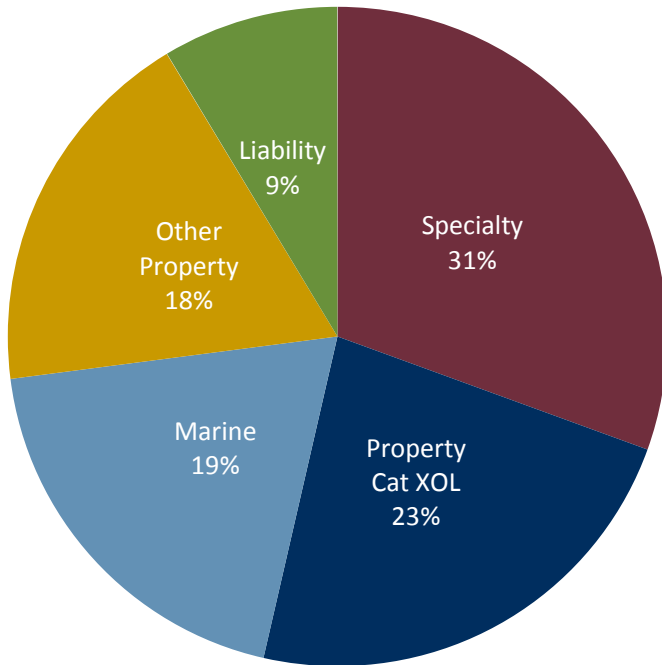
# Validus Stock Total Return Versus Peers and S&P 500

From VR IPO Through September 30, 2015

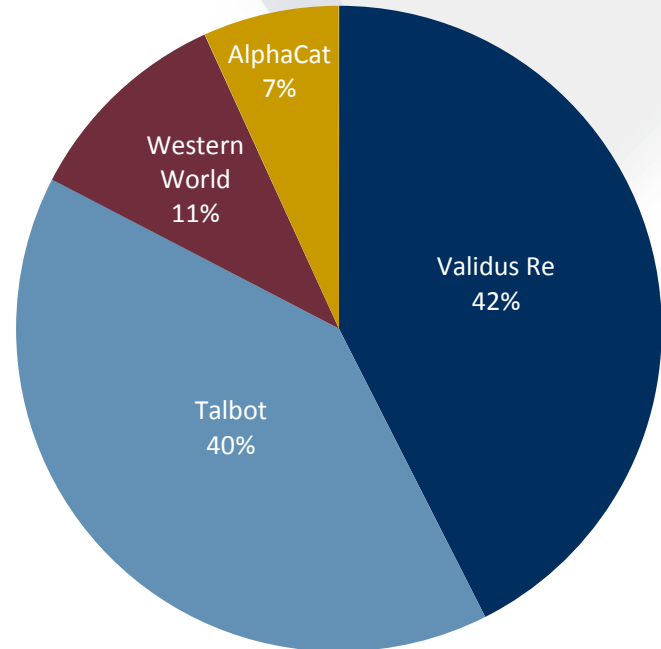


# Validus Mix of Business

Gross Premium Written of \$2.6 Billion - Last 12 Months to September 30, 2015



By Class of Business

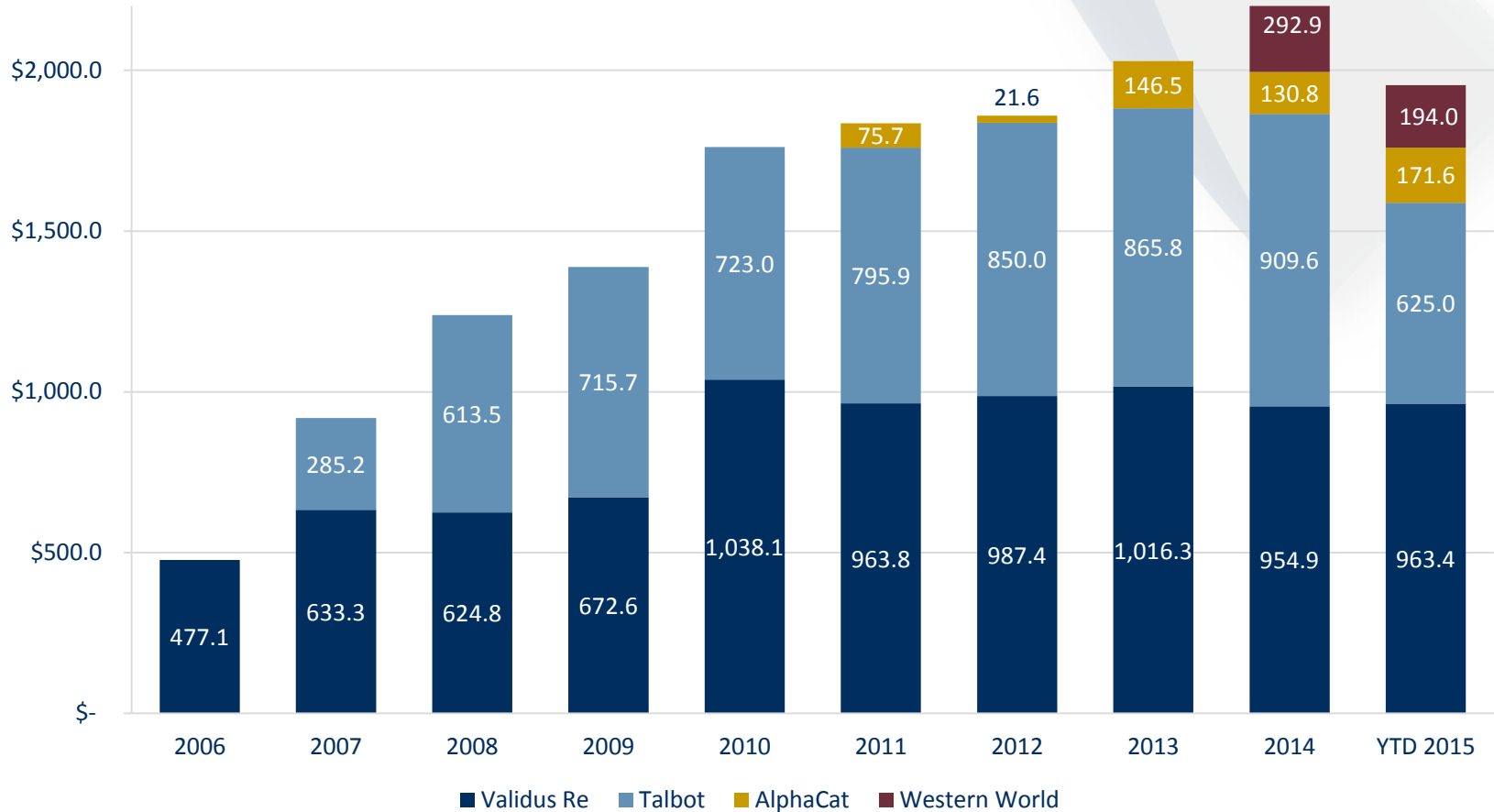


By Operating Segment

1) \$2.6 billion consolidated gross premiums written net of \$44.4 million of intersegment eliminations.

# Validus – Growth and Diversification

## Net Premiums Written in \$US Millions – 2006 to Q3 2015

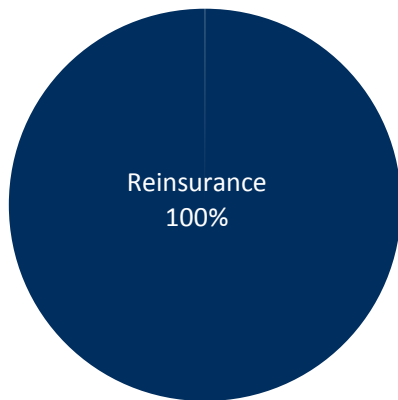


1) 2014 net premiums written are calculated using full year pro forma Western World data.

# Validus - Adapting to Market Demand

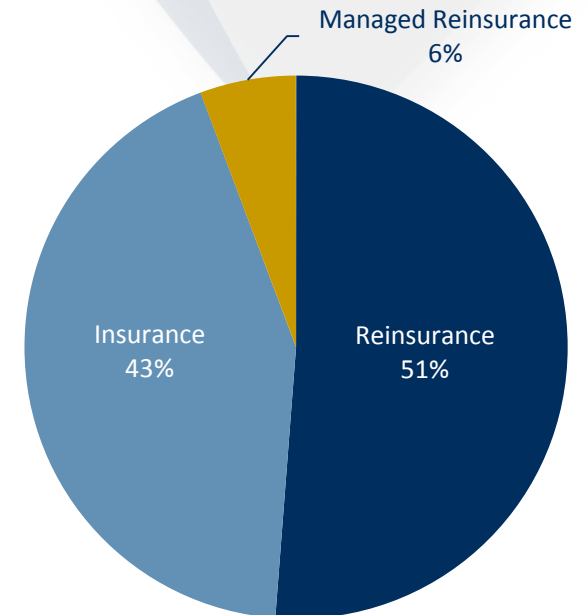
## Growth and Diversification in VR's Business Since Inception

Validus 2006  
GPW \$540.8 million



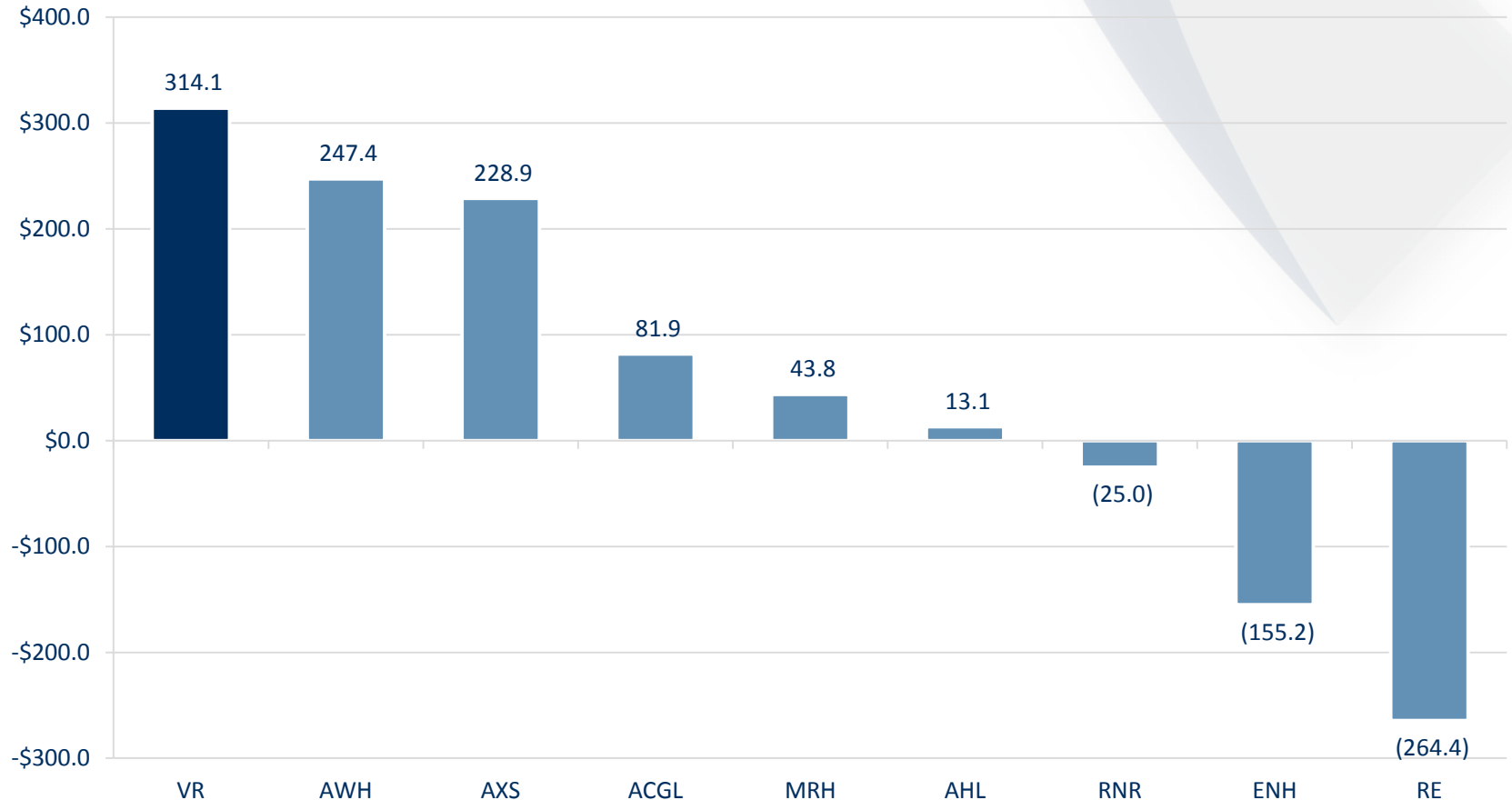
- Significant growth in GPW through acquisitions of:
  - 2007 – Talbot
  - 2009 – 2012: IPCRe, Flagstone, Longhorn Re
  - 2014 – Western World
- Improved portfolio balance in insurance through Talbot and Western World acquisitions
- AlphaCat established in 2008 to capitalize on the insurance linked securities market
- Access to multiple sources of capital to respond to business opportunities as presented

Validus 2014  
GPW \$2,363.3 million



## Insurance Underwriting Income – Validus vs. Bermuda Peers

### Insurance Underwriting Income in \$US Millions: 2012 - 2014



## Q3 2015 Financial Results

**11.9%** year over year increase in gross premiums written  
(Increase of 36.2% at AlphaCat and a decrease of 10.0% at Validus Re and 8.0% at Talbot)

Net operating income available to Validus of **\$73.6 million** and diluted operating EPS of **\$0.86**

**7.3%** ROAE and **8.1%** net operating ROAE

**84.5%** combined ratio  
(77.6% at Validus Re, 25.8% at AlphaCat, 90.0% at Talbot and 100.4% as Western World)

Net income available to Validus of **\$66.7 million** and diluted EPS of **\$0.78**

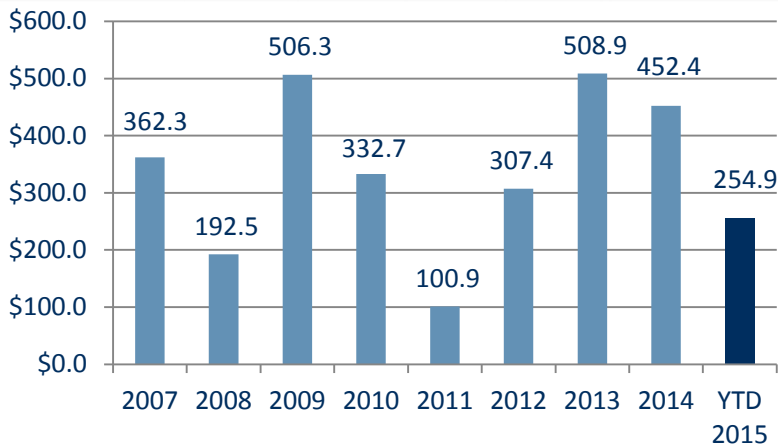
Book value per diluted share of **\$41.89**  
**1.9%** growth (including dividends) in Q3 2015

# Validus Reinsurance Highlights

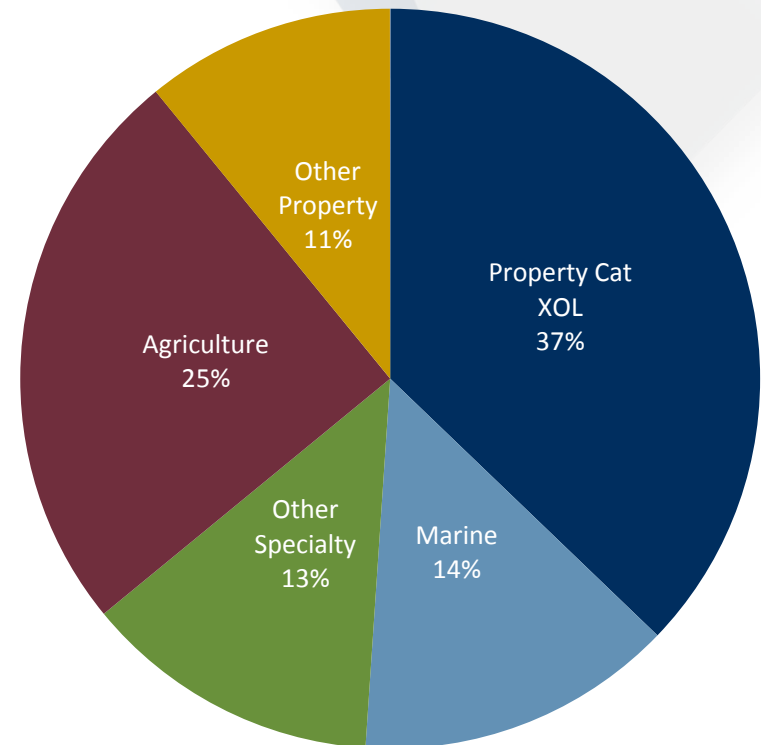
## Validus Re Overview

- Validus Re formed in October 2005 as the first operating subsidiary of Validus Holdings, Ltd.
- Headquartered in Bermuda with overseas offices in Asia, Continental Europe and Latin America
- Global provider of short-tail classes of reinsurance including
  - Property catastrophe
  - Marine and energy
  - Other specialty lines
- A.M Best rating of A (Stable); S&P Rating of A (Stable)

## Net Operating Income in \$US Millions



## Gross Premium Written - \$1.1 Billion last 12 months to September 30, 2015



# AlphaCat Highlights

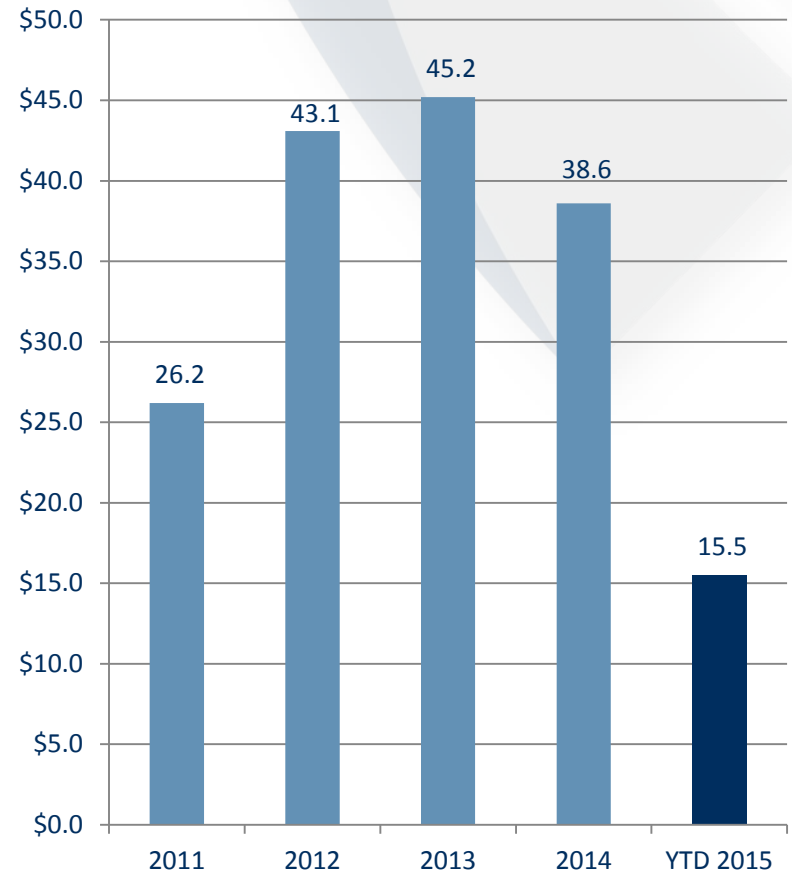
## AlphaCat Overview

- Wholly-owned asset management subsidiary which provides ILS investment services
- AlphaCat brand was established in 2008
- In 2011, AlphaCat opened access to external investors
- As of October 1<sup>st</sup>, 2015, AlphaCat had \$2.2 billion in assets under management

## Year to date 2015 Performance

- Secured \$166 million of newly raised capital for deployment during Q3 2015:
  - \$164 million for AlphaCat ILS Funds
- Reported an accident year combined ratio of 22.2%
- Generated third party management fee revenue of \$14.6 million

## Net Operating Income in \$US Millions



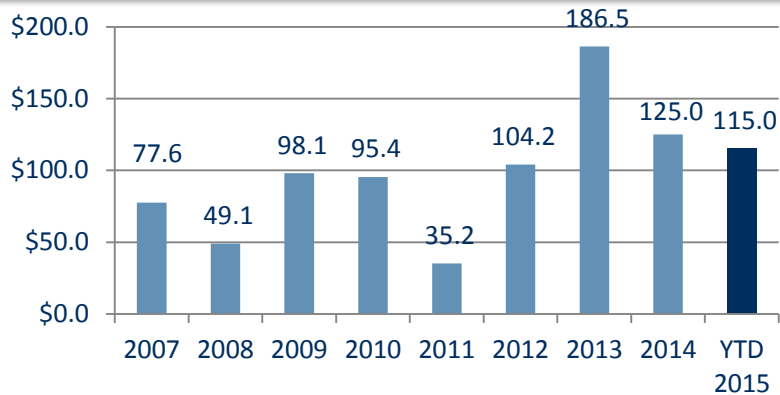


# Talbot Highlights

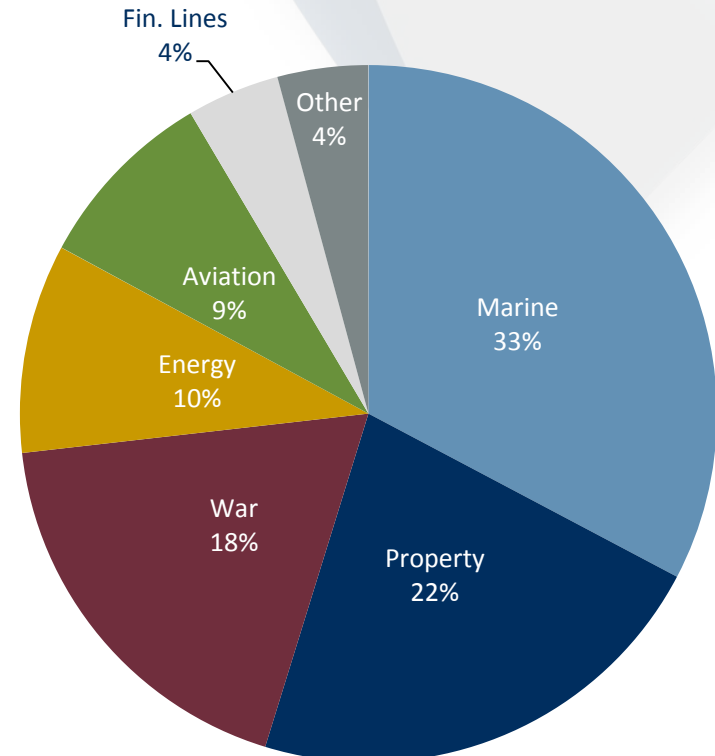
## Talbot Overview

- Founded in 2001 and acquired by Validus in 2007
- Significant competitive position - The 11<sup>th</sup> largest Syndicate at Lloyd's
- Focus is on short tail business with meaningful market position in targeted classes
- By design, Talbot is underweight in Casualty, Casualty Treaty and Property Treaty classes
- Talbot has provided 24% of Validus net income from 2007-2014
- Strategically placed offices in international hubs – New York, Miami, Santiago, Dubai, Labuan and Singapore

## Net Operating Income in \$US Millions



## Gross Premium Written - \$1.0 Billion last 12 months to September 30, 2015

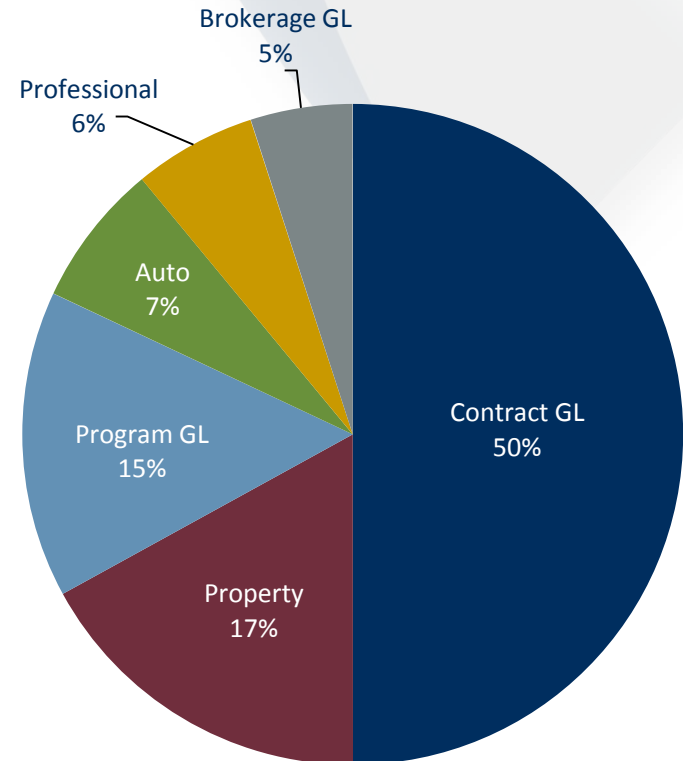


# Western World Highlights – Year to date 2015

## Western World Highlights Nine months ended September 30, 2015

- Founded in 1964 and acquired by Validus in 2014
- Focused on US small and mid sized enterprise business (“SME”)
- Commercial General Liability has been the historical focus
- Writing on both E&S and admitted paper
- Western World Integrated Platform (“WWIP”) is a technological competitive advantage
- Validus ownership provides the resources for expansion into short tail classes of business
- Meaningful strategic changes have already been made to date:
  - New Brokerage Property
  - New Professional Liability
  - Discontinued lines, Commercial Auto and select Programs

## Gross Premium Written - \$207.4 Million Nine months ended September 30, 2015



# Transparent Risk Disclosure – October 1, 2015 Portfolio

## Estimated Exposures to Peak Zone Property Catastrophe Losses

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

### Probable Maximum Losses by Zone and Peril

**Peak Zone PML**

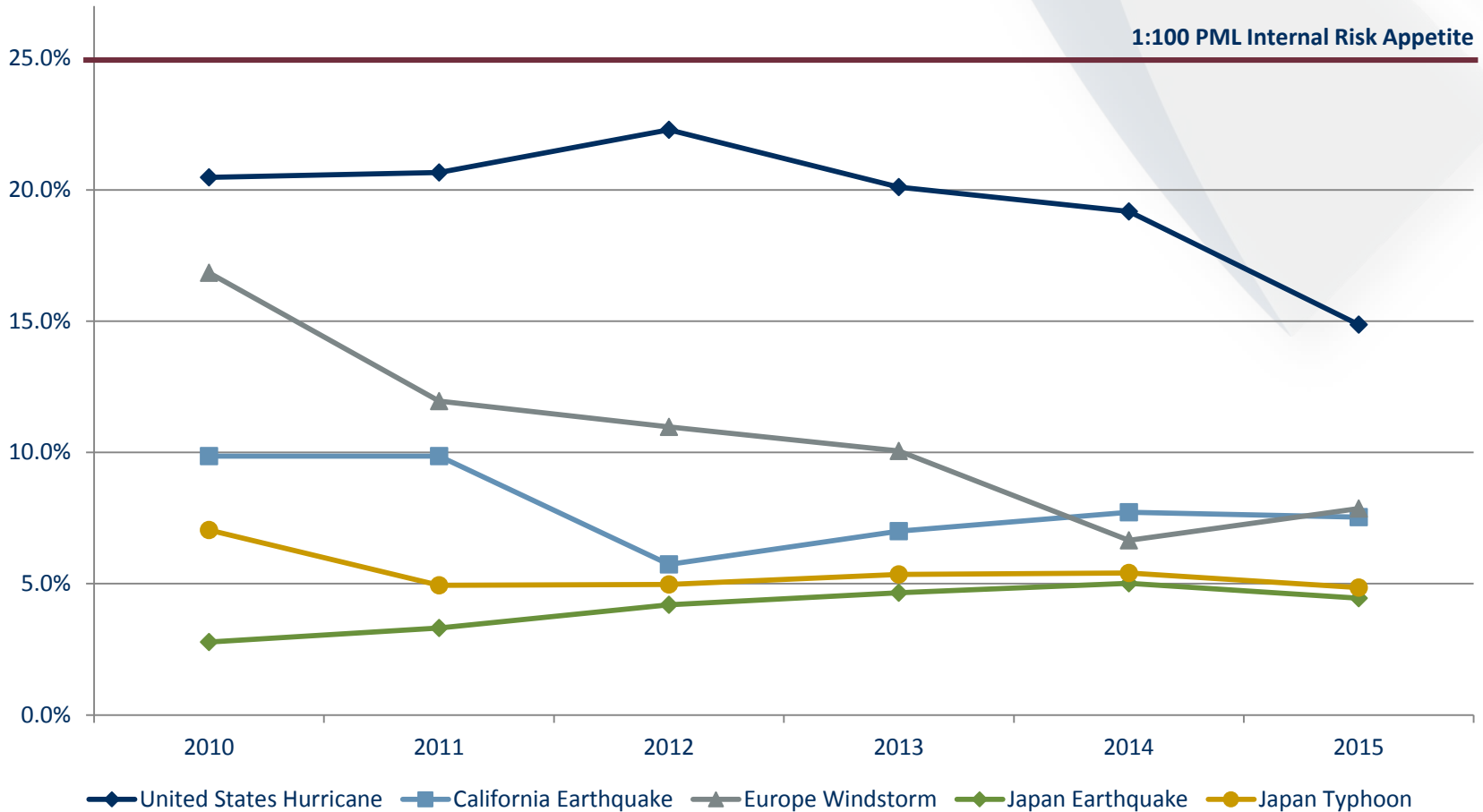
#### Consolidated (Validus Re and Talbot) Estimated Net Loss

<u>Zones</u>	<u>Perils</u>	<u>20 year return period</u>	<u>50 year return period</u>	<u>100 year return period</u>	<u>250 year return period</u>	<u>Validus Re Net Maximum Zonal Aggregate</u>
United States	Hurricane	280,645	430,176	658,623	949,197	1,944,502
California	Earthquake	74,982	218,509	333,964	423,663	1,580,237
Europe	Windstorm	114,878	257,695	348,375	454,701	1,446,946
Japan	Earthquake	110,853	164,861	197,251	270,080	735,669
Japan	Typhoon	46,648	129,011	215,032	296,582	679,827

**1:100 year PML equal to 14.9% of quarter end capital, 18.1% of shareholders' equity**

# Substantial Capital Margin Above Risk Appetites

## Net Probable Maximum Loss (1:100) by Zone and Peril Compared to Total Capitalization



1) A full explanation and disclaimer is contained in the notes on non-GAAP and other financial and exposure measures found in the Appendix hereto. 20  
 2) Total capitalization equals total shareholder's equity less noncontrolling interest plus Senior Notes and Junior Subordinated Deferrable Debentures.  
 3) Consolidated (Validus Re and Talbot) estimated net loss 1:100 year PML as a % of capital as and shareholder's equity.  
 4) All data points are as at January 1, except 2015 which is as at October 1.

# Realistic Disaster Scenarios

Estimated Exposures to Specified Loss Scenarios - As of July 1, 2015

(Expressed in millions of U.S. Dollars)

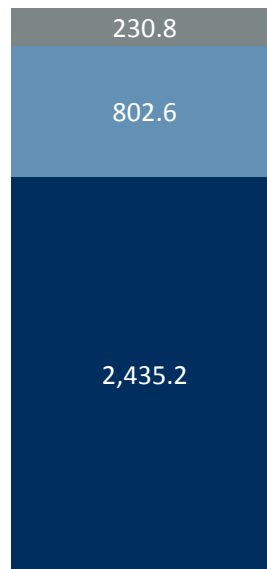
Consolidated (Validus Re and Talbot)

Type	Catastrophe Scenarios	Description	Estimated Consolidated (Validus Re and Talbot) Net Loss	% of latest 12 Months Consolidated Net Premiums Earned
Terrorism	Rockefeller Center	Midtown Manhattan suffers a 2-tonne conventional bomb blast	\$ 95.6	4.2%
Terrorism	Exchange Place	Lower Manhattan suffers a 2-tonne conventional bomb blast	38.6	1.7%
Marine	Marine collision in Prince William Sound	Fully laden tanker collides with a cruise vessel in Prince William Sound	92.2	4.1%
Marine	Major cruise vessel incident	US-owned cruise vessel sunk or severely damaged	101.9	4.5%
Marine	Loss of major complex	Total loss to all platforms and bridge links of a major oil complex	186.0	8.2%
Aviation	Aviation collision	Collision of two aircraft over a major city	107.4	4.7%
Satellite	Solar flare	Large single or sequence of proton flares results in loss to all satellites in synchronous orbit	40.6	1.8%
Satellite	Generic defect	Undetected defect in a number of operational satellites causing major loss	16.0	0.7%
Liability	Professional lines	Failure or collapse of a major corporation	22.5	1.0%
Liability	Professional lines	UK pensions mis-selling	16.0	0.7%
Political Risks	South East Asia	Chinese economy has a "hard landing" with sharp fall in growth rates; regional contagion	109.7	4.8%
Political Risks	Middle East	US and Iran escalate into military confrontation; regional contagion	26.8	1.2%
Political Risks	Russia	The Russian corporate sector struggles to deal with the effects of crashing commodity and stock prices	48.8	2.2%
Political Risks	Turkey	Severe economic crisis in Turkey due to political upheaval	45.9	2.0%
Political Risks	Nigeria	Severe economic, political and social crisis in Nigeria leads to widespread civil unrest	39.7	1.8%

# Validus – Active Capital Management

## Capital Management Inception to Date of \$3.47 Billion

- Share Repurchase
- Common Share Dividends
- Special Dividend



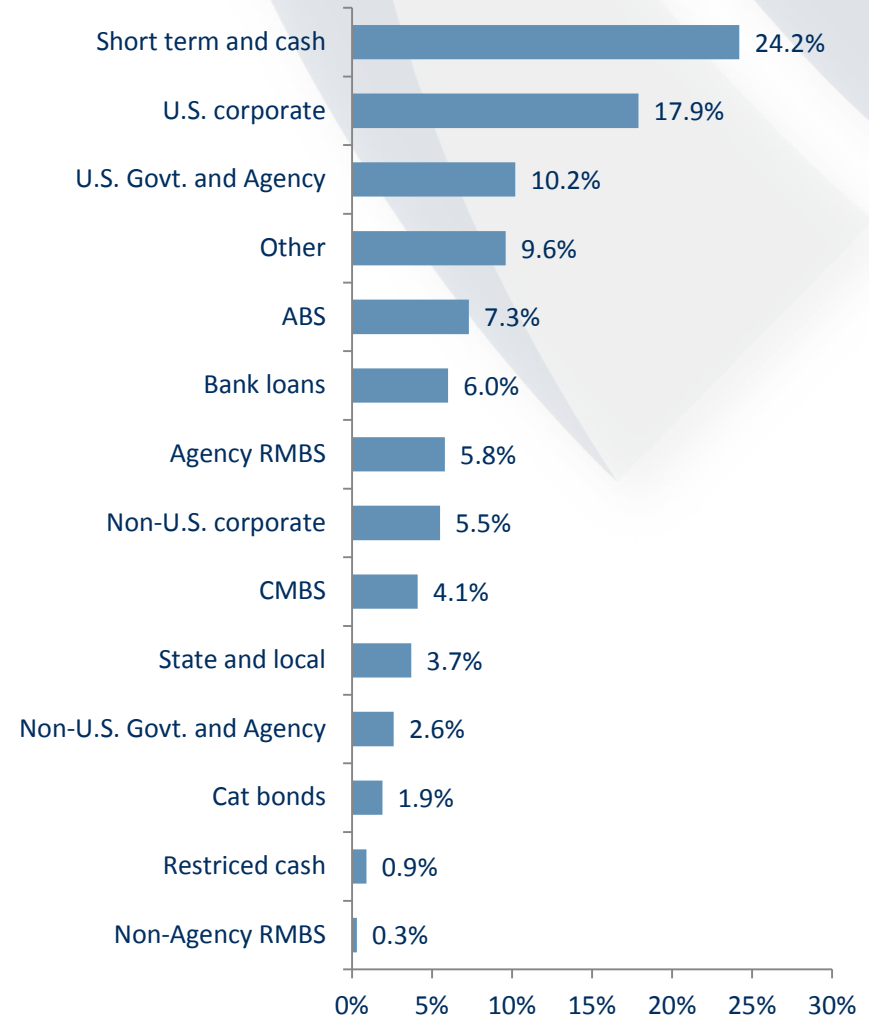
Expressed in millions of U.S. Dollars

## 2015 Capital Management Actions

- On Feb 3, 2015 Validus reset the common share repurchase authorization to \$750.0 million
- Increased quarterly dividend to \$0.32 per share
- Common share repurchases of \$203.9 million through October 28, 2015
- Remaining authorization of \$589.2 million

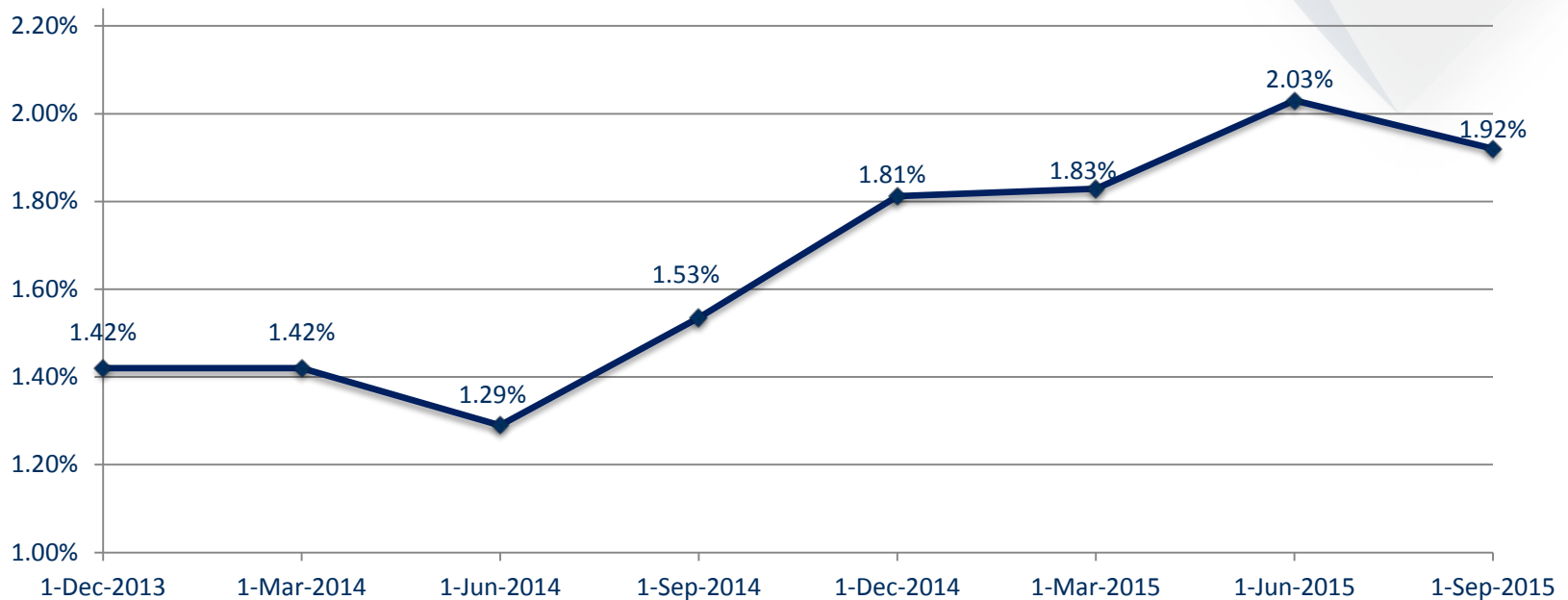
# Investment Portfolio at September 30, 2015

- Total cash, restricted cash and invested assets of \$8.54 billion
  - \$6.94 billion excluding assets managed on behalf of AlphaCat investors and cat bonds
  - Emphasis on the preservation of invested assets
  - Provision of sufficient liquidity for prompt payment of claims
  - Comprehensive portfolio disclosure
- Average portfolio rating of AA-
- Duration of 2.44 years
- Q3 annualized investment yield: 1.92% (Q3 2014: 1.53%)



## Validus Invested Asset Allocation - Improved Yield Since 2014

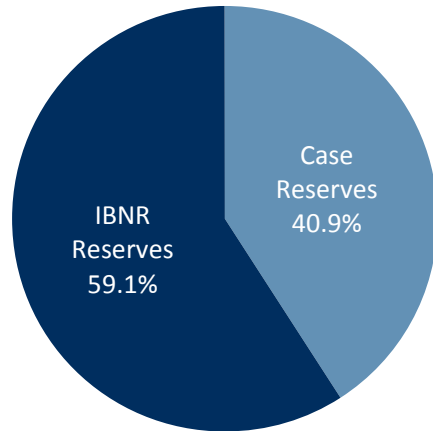
- 18 months ago, Validus set out to increase portfolio yield without increasing tail risk. Validus' new Chief Investment Officer worked with our risk and financial modeling teams to establish a new portfolio allocation
- Noteworthy benefit in terms of higher yields on the portfolio during the past five quarters. Q3 2015 confirmed the new portfolio allocation and risk parameters as the portfolio generated realized and unrealized investment gains, absent PaCRE, in challenging investment markets





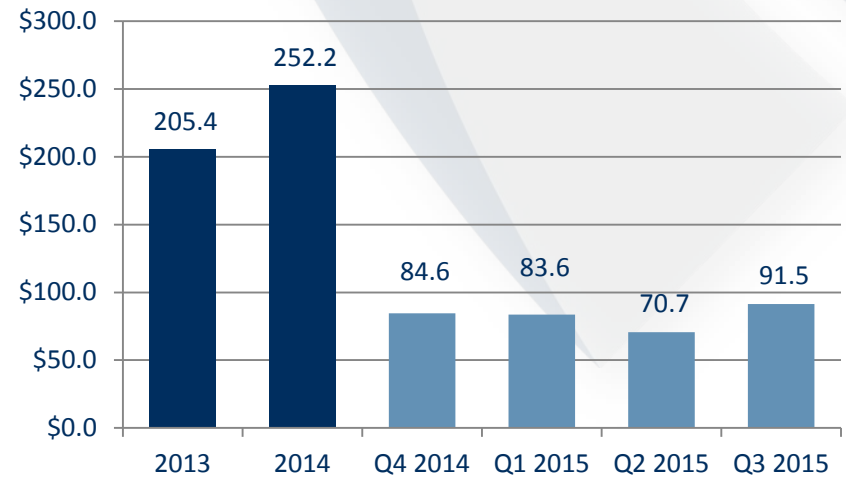
# Gross Loss Reserves at September 30, 2015

## Validus Gross Reserve Mix



- Gross reserves for losses and loss expenses of \$3.17 billion
- \$2.78 billion net of reinsurance
- Q3 notable loss, Port of Tianjin explosion, of \$47.8 million
  - Validus Re: \$35.8 million
  - Talbot: \$12.0 million

## Favorable Reserve Development in \$US Millions



- Favorable reserve development during Q3 2015:
  - Validus Re: \$50.5 million
  - Talbot: \$36.0 million
  - Western World: \$5.0 million

## Conclusion – Continue to be Well Positioned for 2015 and Beyond

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- International insurance and reinsurance business
- Size and scale to compete effectively in targeted markets
- Four distinct yet complementary operating segments
- Focused on short-tail classes of reinsurance and insurance
- Profitable in every year since inception
- Short duration, highly liquid, conservative balance sheet
- Transparent risk disclosure



# Investor Presentation

APPENDIX

## Full Year 2014 Financial Results

**1.6%** year over year decrease  
in gross premiums written

(Decrease of 8.5% at Validus Re  
and 8.0% at AlphaCat and an  
increase of 0.9% at Talbot)

Net operating income  
available to Validus of  
**\$486.5 million** and  
diluted operating EPS  
of **\$5.14**

**13.1%** ROAE and  
**13.2%** net operating ROAE

**73.7%** combined ratio

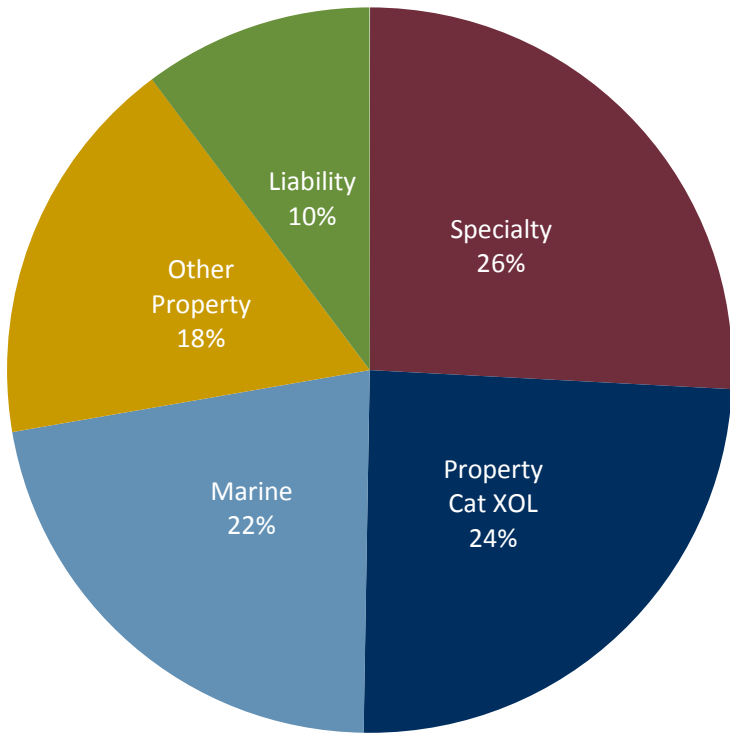
(58.2% at Validus Re, 17.5% at  
AlphaCat, 87.8% at Talbot and  
89.7% as Western World)

Net income available to  
Validus of  
**\$481.3 million** and  
diluted EPS of **\$5.08**

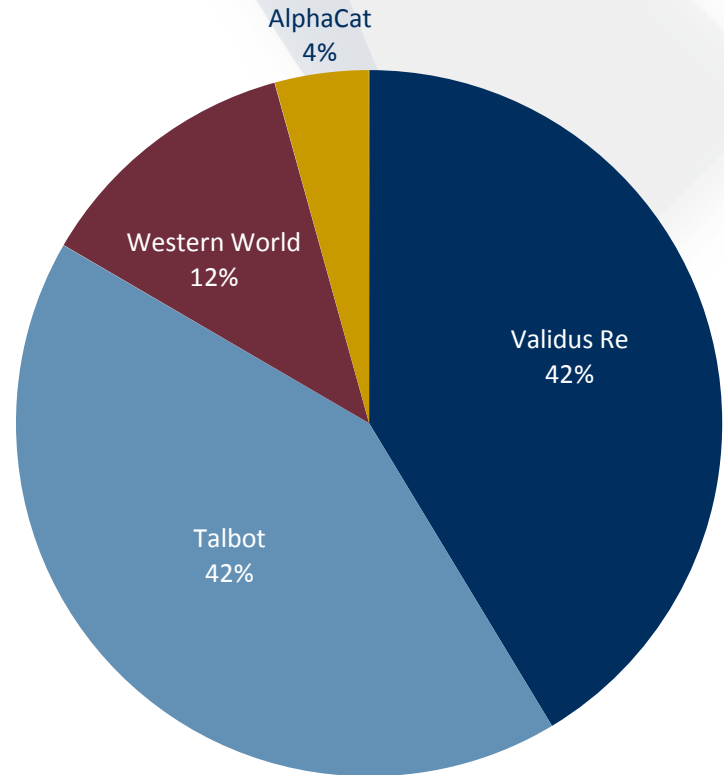
Book value  
per diluted share of **\$39.66**  
**12.8%** growth (including  
dividends) in 2014

# Validus – 2014 Mix of Business

**2014 Gross Premium Written - \$2.6 Billion, Pro Forma for Western World**



**By Class of Business**



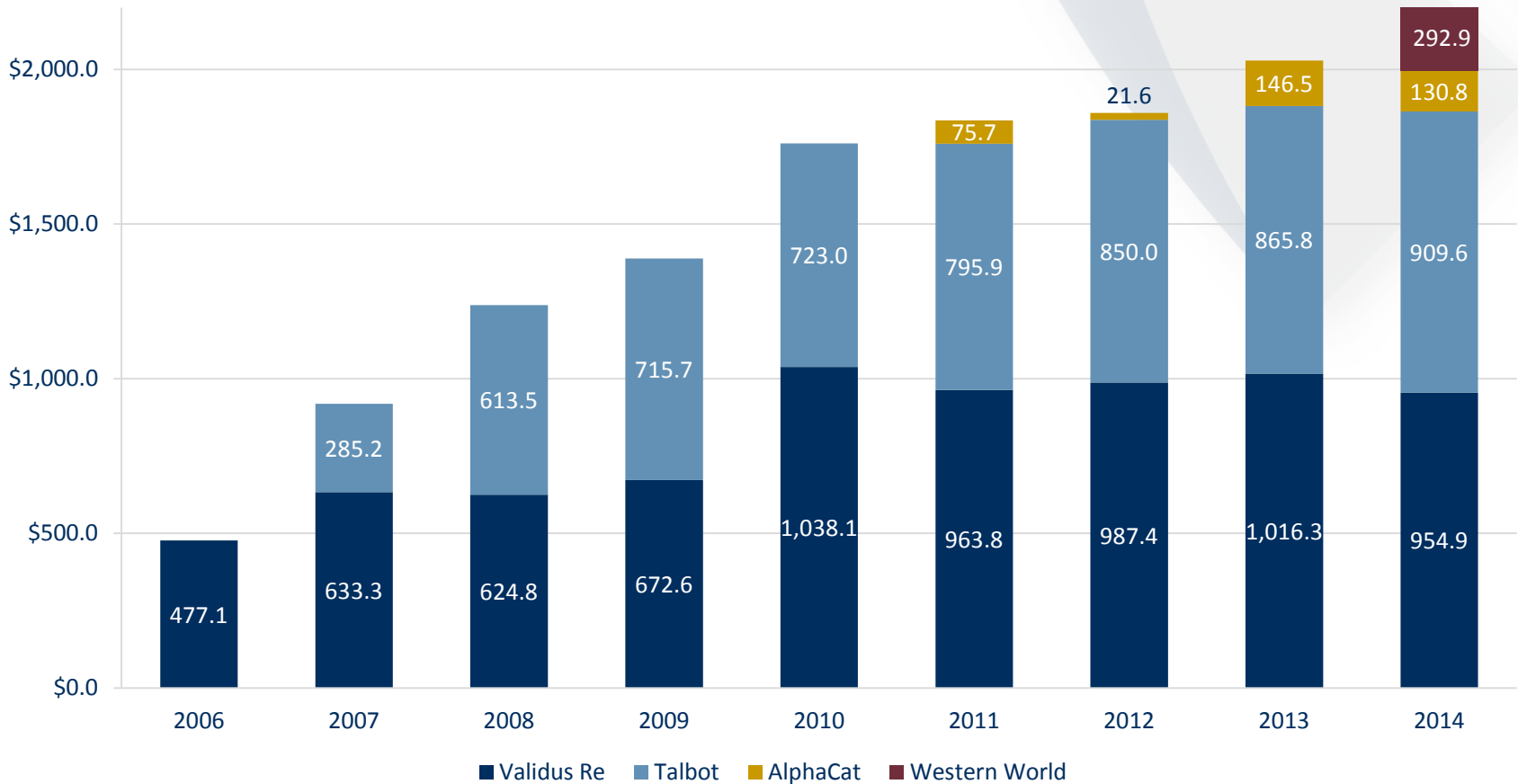
**By Operating Segment**



- 1) \$2.6 billion consolidated gross premiums written is calculated using full year pro forma Western World gross premium written and is net of \$75.8 million of intersegment eliminations.
- 2) On October 2, 2014, the Company acquired all of the outstanding capital stock of Western World Insurance Group, Inc. ("Western World"), a specialty lines insurance company. Western World results have been included in the Company's consolidated results from October 2, 2014.

# Validus – Growth and Diversification

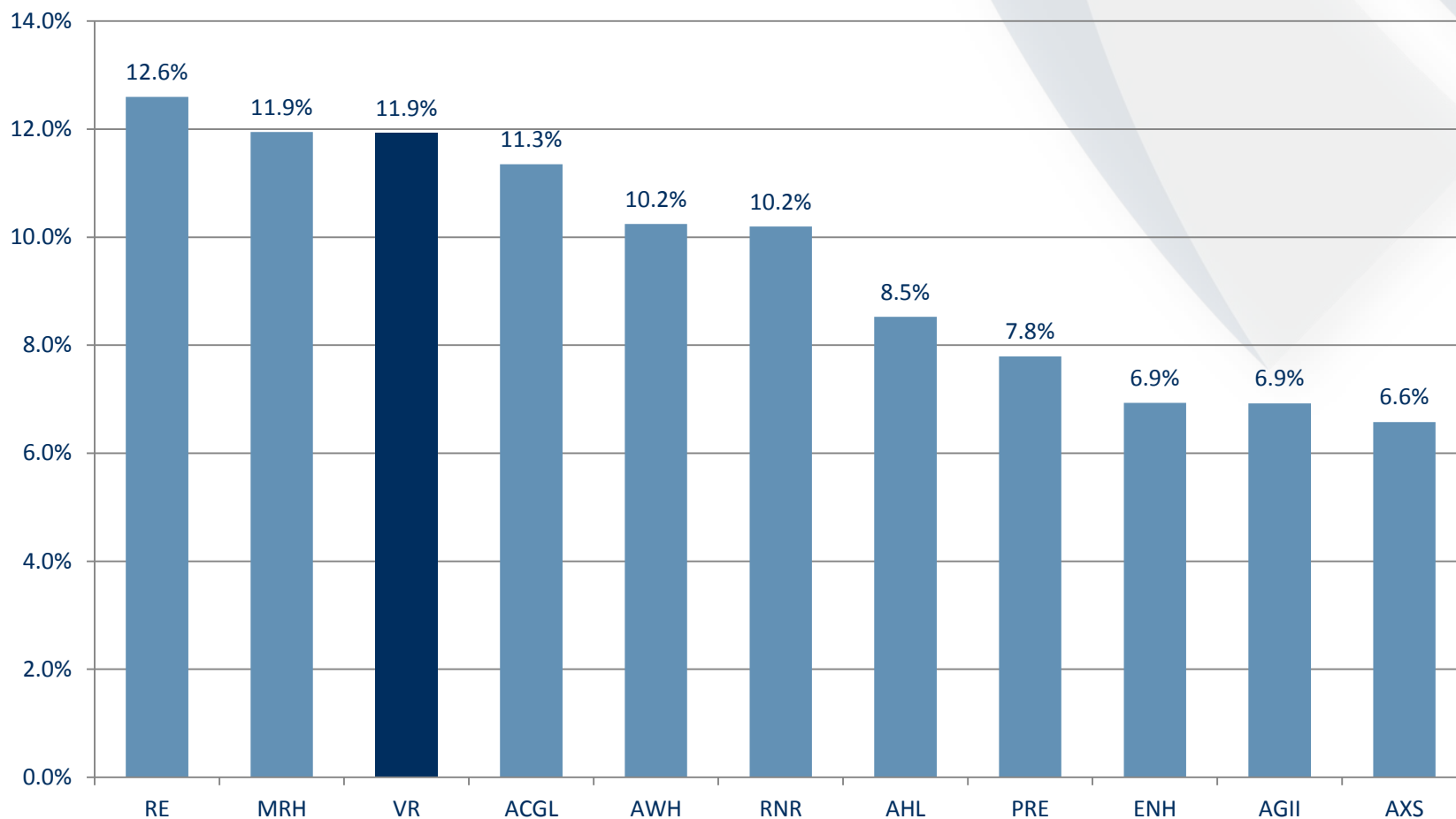
## Net Premiums Written in \$US Millions – 2006 to 2014



1) 2014 net premiums written is calculated using full year pro forma Western World data.

# Compound Growth in BVPS Versus Peers Excluding 2006 and Prior PPD

From VR IPO Through December 31, 2014



## Selected Market Information at September 30, 2015

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Exchange / Ticker:	NYSE / “VR”
Share Price:	\$45.07
Primary Shares Outstanding:	81,997,891
Primary Market Capitalization:	\$3.70 billion
Annual Dividend/Yield:	\$1.28 per share (2.84%)



# Abbreviated Balance Sheets

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars)

	<u>December 31, 2013</u>	<u>December 31, 2014</u>	<u>September 30, 2015</u>
<b>Assets</b>			
Fixed maturities	\$ 5,542,258	\$ 5,532,731	\$ 5,578,856
Short-term investments	787,714	1,051,074	1,661,687
Other investments	704,086	813,011	817,374
Cash and cash equivalents	734,148	577,240	408,485
Restricted cash	200,492	173,003	74,002
<b>Total investments and cash</b>	<b>7,968,698</b>	<b>8,147,059</b>	<b>8,540,404</b>
Goodwill and Intangible assets	126,800	322,821	319,434
Other assets	1,775,624	1,860,059	2,377,125
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>\$ 9,871,122</b>	<b>\$ 10,329,939</b>	<b>\$ 11,236,963</b>
<b>Liabilities</b>			
Reserve for losses and loss expenses	\$ 3,030,399	\$ 3,234,394	\$ 3,169,334
Unearned premiums	824,496	990,564	1,281,319
Other liabilities	500,078	520,424	473,684
Notes payable to AlphaCat Investors	439,272	671,465	1,443,198
Senior notes payable	247,198	247,306	247,387
Debentures payable	541,416	539,277	538,054
<b>Total liabilities</b>	<b>\$ 5,582,859</b>	<b>\$ 6,203,430</b>	<b>\$ 7,152,976</b>
<b>Redeemable noncontrolling interest</b>	<b>86,512</b>	<b>79,956</b>	<b>-</b>
<b>Shareholders' equity</b>			
Capital	\$ 1,694,085	\$ 1,213,614	\$ 1,052,398
Retained earnings	2,010,009	2,374,344	2,592,162
<b>Total shareholders' equity available to Validus</b>	<b>3,704,094</b>	<b>3,587,958</b>	<b>3,644,560</b>
<b>Noncontrolling interest</b>	<b>497,657</b>	<b>458,595</b>	<b>438,427</b>
<b>Total shareholders' equity</b>	<b>4,201,751</b>	<b>4,046,553</b>	<b>4,082,987</b>
<b>Total liabilities, noncontrolling interests and shareholders' equity</b>	<b>\$ 9,871,122</b>	<b>\$ 10,329,939</b>	<b>\$ 11,235,963</b>
<i>Debt to capital ratio</i>	4.9%	5.0%	5.1%
<i>Debt and hybrid to capital ratio</i>	15.5%	16.0%	16.1%
<i>Investments and cash to equity</i>	189.7%	201.3%	209.2%

1) A full explanation and disclaimer is contained in the note on non-GAAP financial and other measures found in the Appendix hereto.

# Net Operating Income Reconciliation

Validus Holdings, Ltd.

Non-GAAP Financial Measure Reconciliation

Net Operating Income available to Validus, Net Operating Income per share available to Validus and Annualized Net Operating Return on Average Equity

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except share and per share information)

	Three Months Ended		Year Ended	
	Sept 30, 2015	Sept 30, 2014	Sept 30, 2015	Sept 30, 2014
Net income available to Validus	\$ 66,650	\$ 39,672	\$ 304,074	\$ 355,427
Adjustments for:				
Net realized losses (gains) on investments	41,906	(4,595)	35,493	(16,193)
Change in net unrealized losses (gains) on investments	34,908	84,974	(19,766)	(16,146)
(Income) from investment affiliate	(2,482)	(1,754)	(5,542)	(7,881)
Foreign exchange losses	2,274	11,441	9,061	14,761
Other loss	1,970	7,690	2,578	1,473
Transaction expenses (a)	-	149	-	3,401
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(71,600)	(52,631)	(21,089)	22,585
Net operating income available to Validus	73,626	84,946	304,809	357,427
Less: Dividends and distributions declared on outstanding warrants	(1,080)	(1,552)	(3,566)	(4,656)
Net operating income available to Validus, adjusted	\$ 72,546	\$ 83,394	\$ 301,243	\$ 352,771
Net income per share available to Validus - diluted	\$ 0.78	\$ 0.41	\$ 3.50	\$ 3.70
Adjustments for:				
Net realized losses (gains) on investments	0.49	(0.04)	0.41	(0.17)
Change in net unrealized losses (gains) on investments	0.41	0.90	(0.23)	(0.17)
(Income) from investment affiliate	(0.03)	(0.02)	(0.06)	(0.08)
Foreign exchange losses	0.03	0.12	0.10	0.15
Other loss	0.02	0.08	0.03	0.02
Transaction expenses (a)	-	-	-	0.04
Net (loss) income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(0.84)	(0.55)	(0.24)	0.24
Net operating income per share available to Validus - diluted	\$ 0.86	\$ 0.90	\$ 3.51	\$ 3.73
<b>Weighted average number of common shares and common share equivalents</b>	85,629,494	94,736,572	86,841,927	95,937,641
<b>Average shareholders' equity available to Validus</b>	3,650,746	3,739,758	3,643,140	3,708,169
<b>Annualized net operating return on average equity</b>	8.1%	9.1%	11.2%	12.9%



1) The transaction expenses relate to costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of Western World Insurance Group, Inc. ("Western World"), which was completed on October 2, 2014. Western World results have been included in the Company's consolidated results from October 2, 2014. Transaction expenses are primarily comprised of legal, financial advisory and audit related services.

# Diluted Book Value Per Share Reconciliation

(Expressed in thousands of U.S. Dollars, except share and per share information)

September 30, 2015

	<u>Equity amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Exercise Price (1)</u>	<u>Book value per share</u>
<b><u>Total shareholders' equity available to Validus</u></b>				
<b>Book value per common share</b>				
Total shareholders' equity available to Validus	\$ 3,644,560	81,997,891		\$ <u>44.45</u>
<b>Tangible book value per common share</b>				
<b>Book value per diluted common share</b>				
Total shareholders' equity available to Validus	\$ 3,644,560	81,997,891		
Assumed exercise of outstanding warrants	59,506	3,377,320	\$ 17.62	
Assumed exercise of outstanding stock options	1,319	65,401	\$ 20.17	
Unvested restricted shares	-	3,014,830		
Book value per diluted common share	\$ <u>3,705,385</u>	<u>88,455,442</u>		\$ <u>41.89</u>
Adjustment for accumulated dividends				<u>9.84</u>
Diluted book value per common share plus accumulated dividends				\$ <u>51.73</u>
Tangible book value per diluted common share				\$ <u>38.28</u>

# Notes on Non-GAAP and Other Financial and Exposure Measures

In presenting the Company's results herein, management has included and discussed certain schedules containing underwriting income (loss), net operating income (loss) available (attributable) to Validus, annualized return on average equity and diluted book value per common share that are not calculated under standards or rules that comprise U.S. GAAP. Such measures are referred to as non-GAAP. Non-GAAP measures may be defined or calculated differently by other companies. We believe that these measures are important to investors and other interested parties. These measures should not be viewed as a substitute for those determined in accordance with U.S. GAAP.

The underwriting results of an insurance or reinsurance company are often measured by reference to its underwriting income because underwriting income indicates the performance of the company's core underwriting function. Underwriting income is reconciled to net income by the addition or subtraction of net investment income, other insurance related income (loss), finance expenses, transaction expenses, net realized gains (losses) on investments, change in net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income (loss) from investment affiliates, foreign exchange gains (losses) and other income (loss).

Net operating income (loss) available (attributable) to Validus is calculated based on net income (loss) available (attributable) to Validus excluding net realized gains (losses), change in net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, income (loss) from investment affiliates, gains (losses) arising from translation of non-US\$ denominated balances, other income (loss) and non-recurring items. Net income is the most directly comparable GAAP measure. Net operating income focuses on the underlying fundamentals of our operations without the influence of realized gains (losses) from the sale of investments, net unrealized gains (losses) on investments, translation of non-US\$ currencies and non-recurring items. Realized gains (losses) from the sale of investments are driven by the timing of the disposition of investments, not by our operating performance. Gains (losses) arising from translation of non-US\$ denominated balances are unrelated to our underlying business.

Diluted book value per share is calculated based on total shareholders' equity plus the assumed proceeds from the exercise of outstanding stock options and warrants, divided by the sum of unvested restricted shares, stock options, warrants and share equivalents outstanding (assuming their exercise).

Reconciliations to the most comparable GAAP measure for net operating income and diluted book value per share can be found on pages 34 and 35, respectively.

Net loss estimates and zonal aggregates are before income tax, net of reinstatement premiums, and net of reinsurance and retrocessional recoveries. The estimates set forth herein are based on an Occurrence basis on assumptions that are inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual losses and could cause actual losses to differ materially from those expressed above. In particular, modeled loss estimates do not necessarily accurately predict actual losses, and may significantly mis-estimate actual losses. Such estimates, therefore, should not be considered as a representation of actual losses.

The Company has developed the estimates of losses expected from certain catastrophes for its portfolio of property, marine, workers' compensation, and personal accident contracts using commercially available catastrophe models such as RMS, AIR and EQECAT, which are applied and adjusted by the Company. These estimates include assumptions regarding the location, size and magnitude of an event, the frequency of events, the construction type and damageability of property in a zone, policy terms and conditions and the cost of rebuilding property in a zone, among other assumptions. These assumptions will evolve following any actual event. Accordingly, if the estimates and assumptions that are entered into the risk model are incorrect, or if the risk model proves to be an inaccurate forecasting tool, the losses the Company might incur from an actual catastrophe could be materially higher than its expectation of losses generated from modeled catastrophe scenarios. In addition, many risks such as second-event covers, aggregate excess of loss, or attritional loss components cannot be fully evaluated using the vendor models. Further, there can be no assurance that such third party models are free of defects in the modeling logic or in the software code. Commencing in January 2012, the Company incorporated RMS version 11 as part of its vendor models.

# Notes on Non-GAAP and Other Financial and Exposure Measures – Continued

The Company has presented the Company Realistic Disaster Scenarios for non-natural catastrophe events. Twice yearly, Lloyds' syndicates, including the Company's Talbot Syndicate 1183, are required to provide details of their potential exposures to specific disaster scenarios. Lloyds' makes its updated Realistic Disaster Scenarios (RDS) guidance available to the market annually. The RDS scenario specification document for 2012 can be accessed at the RDS part of the Lloyd's public website:

<http://www.lloyds.com/The-Market/Tools-and-Resources/Research/Exposure-Management/Realistic-Disaster-Scenarios>

The Consolidated Net Premiums Earned used in the calculation represent the latest 12 months of net premiums earned up to September 30, 2015.

The SNL Financial codes used on pages 6 and 7 are as follows: Common Equity – 3799, DBVPS – 134094, Dividends – 161.

Modeling catastrophe threat scenarios is a complex exercise involving numerous variables and is inherently subject to significant uncertainties and contingencies. These uncertainties and contingencies can affect actual losses and could cause actual losses incurred by the Company to differ materially from those expressed above. Should an event occur, the modeled outcomes may prove inadequate, possibly materially so. This may occur for a number of reasons including, legal requirements, model deficiency, non-modeled risks or data inaccuracies.

A modeled outcome of net loss from a single event also relies in significant part on the reinsurance and retrocession arrangements in place, or expected to be in place at the time of the analysis, and may change during the year. Modeled outcomes assume that the reinsurance and retrocession in place responds as expected with minimal reinsurance failure or dispute. Reinsurance is purchased to match the original exposure as far as possible, but it is possible for there to be a mismatch or gap in cover which could result in higher than modeled losses to the Company. In addition, many parts of the reinsurance program are purchased with limited reinstatements and, therefore, the number of claims or events which may be recovered from second or subsequent events is limited. It should also be noted that renewal dates of the reinsurance program do not necessarily coincide with those of the inwards business written. Where original business is not protected by risks attaching reinsurance or retrocession programs, the programs could expire resulting in an increase in the possible net loss retained by the Company.

Investors should not rely on the information set forth in this presentation when considering an investment in the Company. The information contained in this presentation has not been audited nor has it been subject to independent verification. The estimates set forth herein speak only as of the date of this presentation and the Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise such information to reflect the occurrence of future events. The events presented reflect a specific set of prescribed calculations and do not necessarily reflect all events that may impact the Company.



**For more information on our company, products and management team please visit our website at:  
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